DRINKING WATER VULERNABILITY ASSESSMENT AND RESILIENCE PLAN

A PLAN FOR COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEMS AND PRIVATE WELLS



Photo courtesy of NPU (Taken by MMI)

Presented by:

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Photo courtesy of CWC (Taken by MMI)









AGENDA

- What Are We Talking About?
- Overview of Plan Contents
- Top Ten Plan Themes
- Plan Recommendations
- Linkage to Other State and Local Plans
- How Can the Plan Be Used?







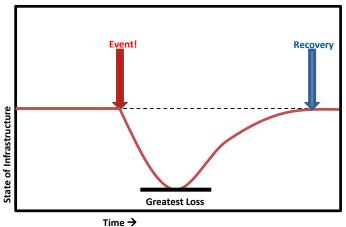
WHAT ARE WE TALKING ABOUT?

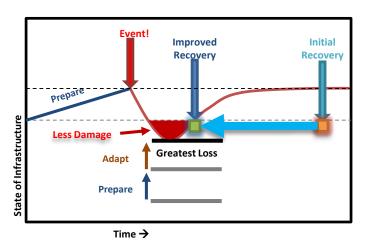


Resiliency =
Prepare,
Withstand,
Recover,
Adapt



Elevating buildings protects them from storm surges







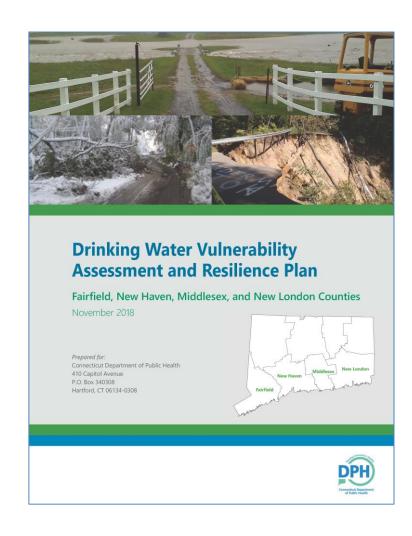






OVERVIEW OF PLAN CONTENTS

- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Introduction
- Community Water SystemVulnerability and Risk Assessment
- Private Well Vulnerability and Risk Assessment
- 5. Findings
- 6. Recommendations











TOP TEN PLAN THEMES

- 1. Lessons Learned from Past Events
- 2. Flood Risk to Community Water System Infrastructure & Critical Facilities
- 3. Water Quality and Quantity Vulnerabilities
- 4. Climate Change Impacts
- 5. Community Water System Vulnerabilities and Emergency Preparedness
- 6. Drought Planning and Resilience
- 7. Interconnections and Infrastructure Upgrades
- 8. Drinking Water Section Emergency Preparedness
- 9. State and Local Laws Affecting Drinking Water
- 10. Addressing Private Well Vulnerabilities









- 1. Lessons Learned from Past Events
 - A. Standby power and generators
 - B. Priority electricity service restoration
 - C. Small system assistance
 - D. Water use restrictions and droughts
 - E. Drought communication and messaging













2. Flood Risk to Community Water System Infrastructure & Critical Facilities

- A. Wells in flood risk zones
- B. Dam-related risks
- C. Pumping stations and treatment plants
- D. Adequate storage
- E. GIS of critical facilities served by water systems and critical facilities that *are* water systems
- F. Address sections of water systems that serve critical facilities
- G. Changing status of critical facilities













3. Water Quality and Quantity Vulnerabilities

- A. Testing frequencies
- B. Incorporating resiliency into sanitary surveys
- C. Incorporating resiliency into capacity assessment tools
- D. Water quality and violation baseline
- E. Source water protection as resiliency
- F. Algal blooms
- G. Maximum contaminant level violations in small non-community systems





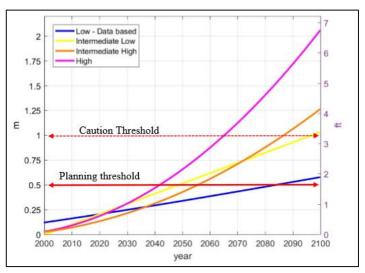


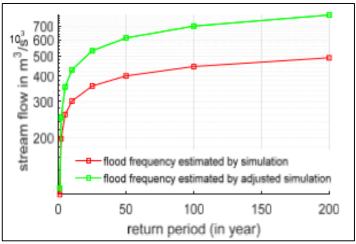






- 4. Climate Change Impacts
 - A. Incorporate changing flood risks into plans and operations
 - B. Incorporate changing drought risks into plans and operations
 - C. Tracking algal blooms













- 5. Community Water System Vulnerabilities and Emergency Preparedness
 - A. Incorporate climate change risks into emergency contingency plans in the water supply plan
 - B. Water supply plan emergency contingency plans should list all critical facilities as priority water service facilities

Critical Customers						
by Service Area						
Street	Town	Telephone	Туре			
			Conv Home			
		203-389-2911	Conv Home			
		000 700 5000	School			
			School			
			School			
			School			
	-		Conv Home			
	,		School			
	-		School			
			Hospital Sebasi			
			School School			
			School			
,	,					
			School			
		203-735-6471	School			
15 110000000		203-488-9657	Resident			
		Lt. Col. Finger	Military Facility			
		795-0013 Home				
			Dialysis			
			Conv Home			
			Conv Hame			
50 Fresh Meadow Rd.		203-933-1603	Plating			
4						
190 South Main St.			Cleaners			
900 Highland Ave.			Jali			
1325 Cheshire St.	0.1001.110					
140 Cook Hill Rd.	Cheshire	200 2.1.	Conv Home			
745 Highland Ave.			Conv Home			
275 Jarvis St.	Cheshire		Jall			
42 Jarvis St.	Cheshire		Jail			
116 Jarvis St.	Cheshire	203-271-5910	Jail			
City of Derby High Servi						
101 Marshall Lane	Derby	203-734-3393	Conv Home			
Ford Street Extra High Se	rvice Area					
155 David Humphry Rd.	Derby	203-736-5040	School			
75 Ford St.	Ansonia	203-736-5090	School			
59 Finney St.	Ansonia	203-736-5070	School			
	by Service Are Street Amity Service Are: 330 Arrity Road Ansonia/Derby Low Servit 115 Howard Ave. Division Street 62 North Cliff Street 150 Roosevett Dr. 210 Chaffield St. 8 Nutmeg Ave. 1 Caroline St. 10 Cemetary Ave. 130 Division St. 9 Garden Pl. 83 Cottage Ave. Derby Ave. 36 Jewett St. 14 Seymour Ave. Brandford Service A 15 Woodside Dr. Burwell Hill Service A 200 Boston Post Rd. 225 Boston Post Rd. 1 Care Lane 50 Fresh Meadow Rd. Cheshire Service A 193 South Main St. 900 Highland Ave. 1325 Cheshire St. 140 Cook Hill Rd. 745 Highland Ave. 275 Janvis St. 16 Janvis St. 175 David Humphry Rd. 175 Ford Street Extra High Service I 155 David Humphry Rd. 175 Ford St.	Street Town Amity Service Area 330 Arrity Road Woodbridge Ansonial/Derby Low Service Area 115 Howard Ave. Ansonia Division Street Ansonia 62 North Cliff Street Ansonia 62 North Cliff Street Ansonia 63 North Cliff Street Ansonia 150 Roosevelt Dr. Derby 8 Nutmeg Ave. Derby 120 Charlifed St. Derby 10 Cemetery Ave. Derby 130 Division St. Derby 130 Division St. Derby 130 Division St. Derby 23 Cottage Ave. Seymour 36 Jewett St. Ansonia Derby Ave. Seymour 36 Jewett St. Ansonia 14 Seymour Ave. Derby Brandford Service Area 15 Woodside Dr. Brandford Burwell Hill Service Area 206 Booton Post Rd. Crange 334 Ridge Rd. Crange 348 Ridge Rd. Crange 1 Care Lane West Haven Cheshire Service Area 190 South Main St. Cheshire 100 South Main St. Cheshire 140 Cook Hill Rd. Cheshire 140 Cook Hill Rd. Cheshire 145 Janvis St. Cheshire 140 Lord Stervice Area 101 Marshall Lane Derby Ford Street Extra High Service Area 151 Dorby High Service Area 155 Derby Horby Rd. Cheshire 140 Lord Stervice Area 151 Dorby High Service Area 155 Dorby High Service Area 155 Dorby High Service Area 155 Dorby High Service Area	Street Town Telephone			



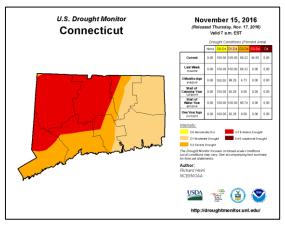






- 6. Drought Planning and Resilience
 - A. Evaluate and re-set triggers for response now
 - B. Evaluate and re-set triggers for response every ten years
 - C. Drought forecast modeling
 - D. Multiple sources and interconnections
 - E. Water conservation, communication, messaging













- 7. Interconnections and Infrastructure Upgrades
 - A. Pursue interconnections between large systems
 - B. Pursue interconnections between small systems, or small to large
 - C. Water chemistry/compatibility
 - D. Infrastructure redundancies within small systems
 - E. Use of Drinking Water State Revolving Funds













8. Drinking Water Section Emergency Preparedness

- Update the Public Health **Emergency Response Plan**
- WebEOC
- **Drinking Water Section** Emergency Response Plan template
- **Drinking Water Workgroup**
- **Drinking Water Section staff** redundancies
- Culture of preparedness

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

Jewel Mullen, M.D., M.P.H., M.P.A



Nancy Wyman Lt. Governor

DPH Drinking Water Section Strategy to Address the Effects of Storms Irene. Alfred and Sandy on Connecticut's Community Public Water Systems

Following the three storms that impacted Connecticut in 2011 and 2012, the Department of Public Health Drinking Water Section developed a strategy to address emergency preparedness for the state's community public water systems (CPWS). This public health strategy was developed in order to assure a safe and adequate water supply to the 2.9 million Connecticut residents served by CPWS. The strategy has the following objectives that address vulnerabilities, preparedness, resiliency and system capacity:

- Assure sustained water supply for all CPWS.
- Provide current and accurate large system status shared across WebEOC,
 Work to develop mechanisms to prioritize restoration of street power to CPWS and priority
- 4. Assure that small community public water systems are well prepared to proactively address emergency situations.
- Assure adequate certified operator oversight
- Assure adequate review and oversight of public water systems.

 Work toward more resilient CPWS through enhanced water supply planning

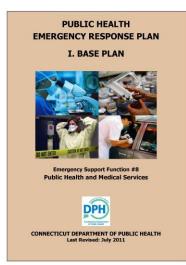
Storms Irene, Alfred and Sandy brought different challenges, however affected small satellite CPWS (systems that serve under 1,000 people) in a similar way due to lengthy power outages that impacted large regions of Connecticut. Further, while large CPWS (systems that serve over 1,000 people)

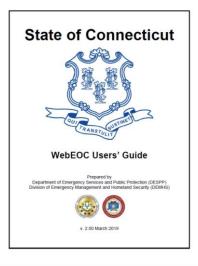
were able to sustain water supply and system pressure, some experienced lack of priority to regain street power with multiple large scale pump stations and surface water treatment plants on generators for more than 7 days.

On average for all three storms, over 100 small CPWSs were on boil water advisory due to loss of system pressure caused by loss of street power. These systems represent a significant percentage of Connecticut's 450 small CPWS. Many small CPWS were ill prepared, lacked planning, and lacked adequate technical, managerial and financial capacity to address loss of street power for an extended period of time. Below is a summary of the effects of the three storms on the state's public water



Phone: (860) 509-7333 • Fax: (860) 509-7359 • VP: (860) 899-1611 410 Capitol Avenue, MS#51WAT, P.O. Box 340308 Hartford, Connecticut 06134-0308 www.ct.gov/dph Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer





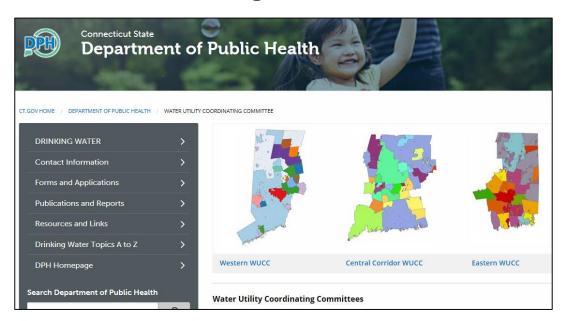


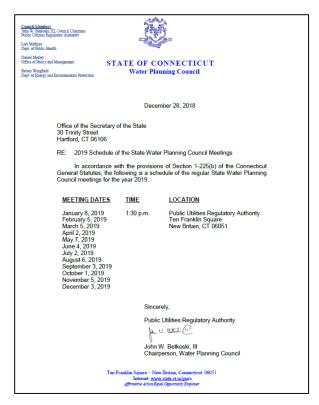






- 9. State and Local Laws Affecting Drinking Water
 - A. Coordinated Water System Plan updates to include resiliency
 - B. Water Planning Council role
 - C. Local flood regulations













10. Addressing Private Well Vulnerabilities

- A. Outreach to towns and health districts
- B. Funding to remedy issues
- C. Specific private well risk reduction options
 - Siting
 - Drainage and flood control
 - Acquisitions
 - Water main extensions
 - New water systems
 - Well protection
 - Well relocation
- D. Water haulers
- E. Private well regulations
- F. Private well database



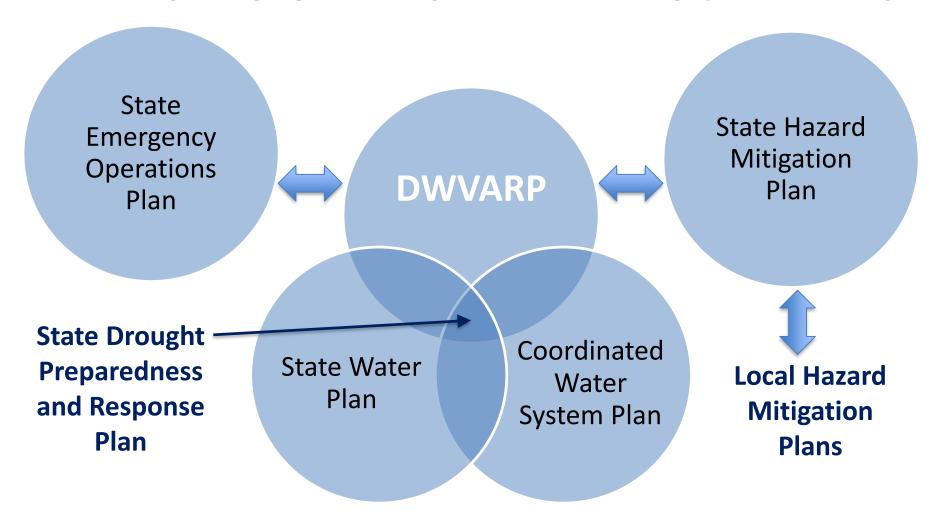












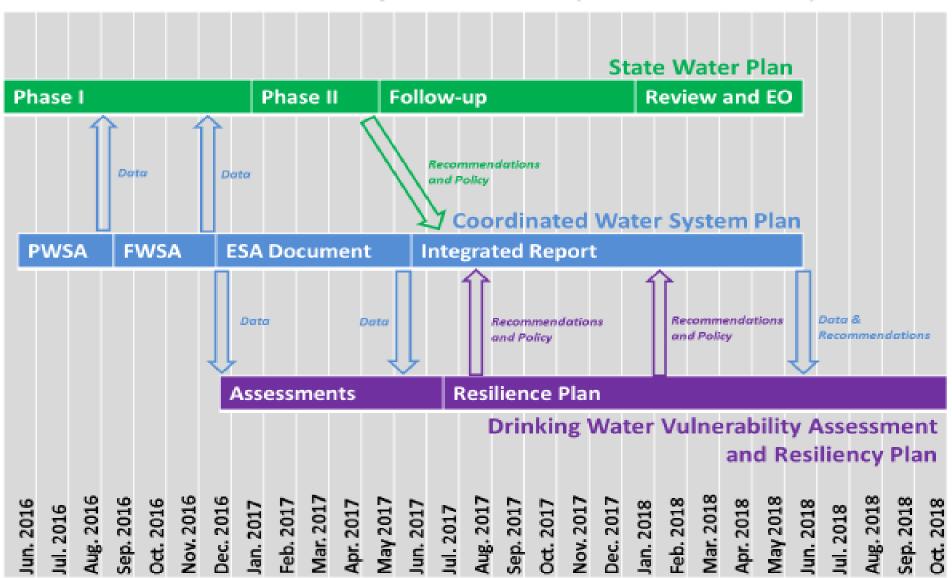








Relationship between Coordinated Water System Planning (WUCC), State Water Plan, and Drinking Water Vulnerability Assessment/Resiliency Plan

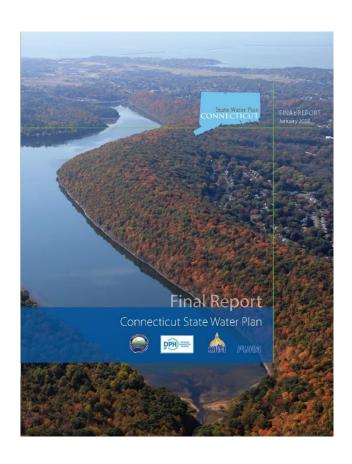


State Water Plan Authority

Public Act 14-163 (CGS Section 22a-352)

Where is Resiliency Addressed?

- Climate Change Assessment
- Policy Recommendations
- "Pathway Forward" Recommendations
- "Top Ten Consensus-Based Policy Priorities"

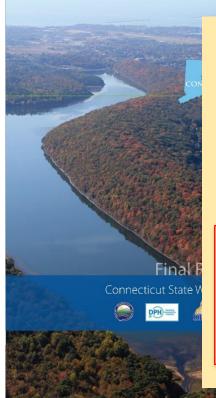












Top 10 Consenus-Based Policy Recommendations:

- Water management should follow scientific examples.
- 2. As possible, remove obsolete water registrations.
- Encourage innovation in agricultural water practices.
- Water data (or access to it) should be centralized in a single database and/or portal to other sources.
- 5. Consider Class B Water for individual non-potable uses if environmentally prudent and costeffective, using guidelines to be developed by the WPC for review of Class B water for non-potable uses using the Triple Bottom Line philosophy (environmental, social, and economic metrics).

- **6.** Develop an education and outreach strategy focusing on water conservation topics.
- The WPC should provide ongoing review of other Connecticut state plans in order to identify and address inconsistencies.
- **8.** Encourage regional water solutions where they are practical and beneficial.
- 9. Reaffirm support for the protection of Class I and II land contributing to water supply. Expand protections to other watershed lands and land that feeds aquifers used for public water supply or by private wells.
- Create a data-based water education program aimed at the general public and municipal officials.







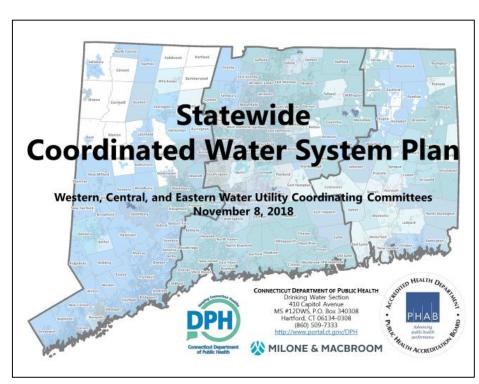


Authority for the Water Utility Coordinating Committees (WUCCs)

 Public Act 85-535, CGS Section 25-33c-h and RCSA Section 25-33h-1

Where is Resiliency Addressed?

- Water Supply Assessment: "Issues, Needs, Deficiencies"
- Integrated Report: "Climate Change and Resiliency"
- Integrated Report: "Potential Interconnections Recommended to Increase Resiliency"
- Executive Summary and Table of Recommendations













THE TOP TEN NEEDS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

As envisioned in CGS Section 25-33c, "an adequate supply of potable water for domestic, commercial and industrial use is vital to the health and wellbeing of the people of the state." This vision statement guided the CWSP process and requires constant vigilance by state agencies and public water systems to ensure adequate water quality and quantity is maintained. Each regional CWSP includes more than 60 specific recommendations in the Integrated Report for responsible planning, drought management, source protection, water conservation, resiliency, and funding to be pursued through 2030. These recommendations are reflected in the following top ten needs for public water systems statewide, each of which is discussed further on the following pages.

- Regionalization and Interconnections
 - Ensure redundant and environmentally responsible supplies.
- 2. Water Conservation and Water Efficiency

Reduce future demands and unnecessary water use.

- Reduction in Clustering of Small Water Systems Encourage system consolidations and ensure responsible planning to prevent proliferation of adjacent (but independent) small systems.
- Assistance to Small Public Water Systems Ensure proper technical, managerial, and financial capacity of small public water systems.
- 5. Investment in Infrastructure

Replace aging infrastructure, including century-old pipes.

Provide grants and loans for planning, projects, and small systems in line with the above needs.

7. Drought Management and Resilience

Increase awareness of drought impacts and standardize responses to the extent practicable.

Resiliency to Storms and Climate Change

Reduce recovery time and adapt to future conditions.

Protection of Watersheds and Supplies

Continue to ensure adequate water supplies with high water quality.

- 10. Improvements to Water Demand and Water Quality Planning
 - Avoid the development of unnecessary new sources and ensure proper consideration of regulated and unregulated contaminants.

MILONE & MACBROOM 1







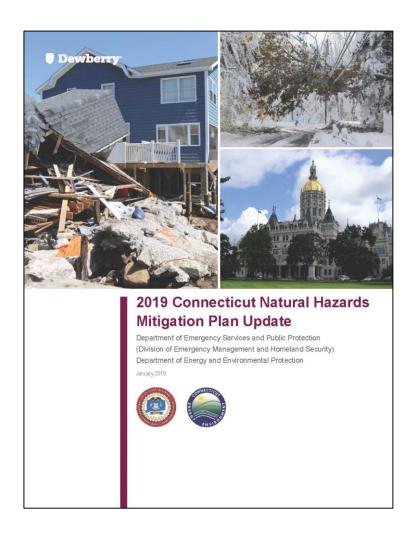


Authority for State Hazard Mitigation Plan

Stafford Act; Updated every five years

Example Mitigation Actions in 2019

- Review model ordinances and samples of higher standards language that communities can adopt into existing floodplain ordinances
- Encourage municipalities to adopt local water use restriction ordinances to ensure that proper water conservation measures are implemented during periods of severe to extreme drought and other water emergencies, in line with the Connecticut Drought Preparedness and Response Plan. Expand the local focus on drinking water vulnerability, with emphasis on private wells.









Authority for Local Hazard Mitigation Plans

Stafford Act; Updated every five years

Example Mitigation Actions

- Provide lists of critical facilities to water utilities to coordinate water system emergency planning
- Extend water mains to areas without fire protection
- Incorporate freeboard to local flood regulations (i.e. build higher)

Facility Name	Town	Address	100-Year Flood Zone	500-Year Flood Zone	Dam Breach Inundation Area
Mansfield center for nursing and rehab	Mansfield	100 Warren Circle			Aicu
juniper hill elderly housing	Mansfield	1 Silo cir			
wrights way elderly housing	Mansfield	309 Maple Rd			
Jensens residential community	Mansfield	536 Middle Turnpike			
MANSFIELD MIDDLE SCHOOL					
SCHOOL	Mansfield	205 SPRING HILL RD.			
UNIV OF CT CHILD DEVEL LABS	Mansfield	843 BOLTON RD-U- 117 HUMAN DEV			
E. O. SMITH HIGH SCHOOL	Mansfield	1235 STORRS RD.			
BERGIN CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTE	Mansfield	251 MIDDLE TPKE. 321 HUNTING LODGE			
DOROTHY C. GOODWIN SCHOOL	Mansfield	RD.			
Mansfield VFC	Mansfield	999 Storrs RD			
Eagleville Fire Department	Mansfield	879 Stafford RD			
University of Connecticut Fire Department	Mansfield	126 N Eagleville RD			
Mansfield Police Dept	Mansfield	4 S Eagleville Rd			
Transfer Station	Marlborough	76 Quinn Rd			
Town Hall	Marlborough	26 N Main St			
Fire House #2	Marlborough	200 West Road	X		
MARLBOROUGH HEALTH & REHABILITATION CENTER	Marlborough	85 STAGE HARBOR RD			
MARLBOROUGH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	Marlborough	25 SCHOOL DR.			
Marlborough Volunteer Fire Department	Marlborough	7 Hebron RD			
Police Department	New Britain	10 Chestnut Street			
GRANDVIEW REHABILITATION AND HEALTHCARE CENTER	New Britain	55 GRAND ST			
JEROME HOME	New Britain	975 CORBIN AVE			
MONSIGNOR BOJNOWSKI MANOR, INC	New Britain	50 PULASKI ST			
AUTUMN LAKE HEALTHCARE AT NEW BRITAIN	New Britain	400 BRITTANY FARMS RD			x
CASSENA CARE AT NEW BRITAIN	New Britain	66 CLINIC DR			
NEW BRITAIN GENERAL					
HOSPITAL	New Britain	100 GRAND STREET			
HOSPITAL FOR SPECIAL CARE	New Britain	2150 CORBIN AVENUE			
New Britain Public Safety	New Britain	125 Columbus Blvd Hngr 3			
New Britain Police Detectives	New Britain	125 Columbus Blvd			









Authority for Connecticut Drought Preparedness and Response Plan

 Interagency Drought Workgroup is responsible for administering the Connecticut Drought Preparedness and Response Plan as part of the State Response Framework

Preparedness and Planning Strategies

- Designate a water coordinator in each municipality
- Promote industry and public awareness of appropriate conservation activities
- Expect all water withdrawers to prepare water supply contingency plans
- Ensure clear understanding of authority for mitigating drought conditions and enforcing water use restrictions; each municipality to adopt a water use restriction ordinance in order to establish such authority

Connecticut Drought Preparedness and Response Plan



Adopted by the Connecticut Water Planning Council







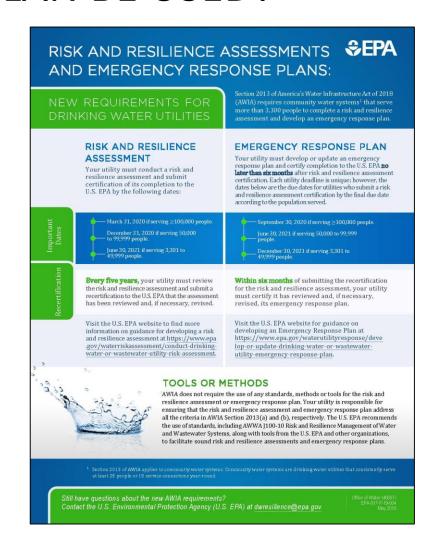




HOW CAN THE PLAN BE USED?

By Water Utilities

- For updating the Emergency
 Contingency Plans in the Water
 Supply Plans
- For the Risk and Resiliency
 Assessment (RRA) associated with
 America's Water Infrastructure Act
 (AWIA)
- For planning!









HOW CAN THE PLAN BE USED?

By the State and Local Municipalities

- Updates to State and Local hazard mitigation plans
- Solving complex problems

By Local Health Districts

Looking for ways to reduce risks to private wells or small system wells













HOW CAN THE PLAN BE USED?

By CIRCA

• For resiliency planning underway at the present time









